# ELECTIONS IN NEWLY MERGED DISTRICTS (NMDS) OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA (KP) 

Election Update-II - July 2019<br>Free \& Fair Election Network - FAFEN

Free and Fair Election Network (FAFEN) initiated its assessment of the political environment and implementation of election-related laws, rules and regulations in April 2019 as part of its multi-phase observation of Provincial Assembly (PA) elections in Newly Merged Districts (NMDs) of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP). The purpose of observation is to contribute to the evolution of an election process that is free, fair, transparent and accountable, in accordance with the requirements laid out in the Elections Act, 2017. Based on its observation, FAFEN produces periodic updates, information briefs and reports in an effort to provide objective, unbiased and evidence-based information about the quality of electoral and political processes to the Election Commission of Pakistan (ECP), political parties, media, civil society organizations and citizens.

The Election Update-II comprises FAFEN's observation of 674 out of total 1,896 polling stations (PS) established for the upcoming NMDs election on July 20, 2019. This election update also includes an analysis of the Final List of Polling Stations available on the ECP's website. As part of its election observation methodology, FAFEN randomly sampled 50 electoral areas in each PA constituency and its observers visited PS in each of the sampled area for a basic facilities' audit. Additionally, the Election UpdateII includes perception of candidates and voters towards the final list of polling stations for NMDs' election.

The preparation of constituency-wise lists of polling stations is a part of the election planning. Section 59 of the Election Act, 2017 outlines the following process for finalizing polling stations for an election.

1. District Election Commissioners (DECs) provide the Lists of Proposed Polling Stations to concerned Returning Officers (ROs) within a week of their appointment.
2. ROs personally verify the proposed polling stations and issue a Preliminary List of Polling Stations within 15 days of receiving Lists of Proposed Polling Stations.
3. Voters get 21 days to file objections or suggestions to the District Returning Officers (DROs) regarding their assigned polling stations.
4. DROs hear the objections, consider suggestions and change the Preliminary Lists of Polling Stations accordingly.
5. DROs may make changes in the Final Lists of Polling Stations only in exceptional circumstances with the prior approval of the Election Commission.

## 1. ANALYSIS OF FINAL LISTS OF POLLING STATIONS

ECP will set up 1,896 PS comprising 5,651 polling booths for $2,798,277$ registered voters, averaging one polling station for 1,476 voters. The average number of voters per polling station is marginally higher than it was in General Elections (GE) 2018, when 1,333 voters were assigned to each polling station on an average.

For the upcoming NMDs' election, 104 PS will be set-up in PK-100 (Bajaur-I), 103 in PK-101 (Bajaur-II); 131 in PK-102 (Bajaur-III), 86 in PK-103 (Mohmand-I), 108 in PK-104 (Mohmand-II); 110 in PK-105 (Khyber-I), 89 in PK-106 (KhyberII), 146 in PK-107 (Khyber-III), 135 in PK-108 (Kurram-I), 130 in PK-109 (Kurram-II), 176 in PK- 110 (Orakzai), 76 in PK111 (North Waziristan-I), 102 in PK-1 12 (North Waziristan-II), 139 in PK-113 (South Waziristan-I), 98 in PK-114 (South Waziristan-II) and 163 in PK-115 (Ex-Frontier Regions).

The total number of PS includes the 44 being set up in Hangu and Kohat for the Internally Displaced Voters from PK-1 10 (Orakzai), and 14 in Bannu for Internally Displaced Voters from PK-1 12 (North Waziristan-II).

In comparison to GE-2018, as many as 285,976 voters have increased on the electoral rolls for the upcoming NMDs' election. The number of men voters increased up to 9.5 percent ( 159,873 voters) and women voters up to 11 percent ( 126,103 voters). Following Table-I illustrates the district-wise analysis of polling stations and registered voters of GE2018 and upcoming NMDs' election 2019:

Table I: District-wise analysis of PS and registered voters in GE-2018 and NMDs' election 2019

| Districł | GE-2018 |  |  |  | NMDs Election -2019 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PS | Men Voters | Women Voters | Total Voters | PS | Men Voters | Women Voters | Total |
| Bajaur | 336 | 288,958 | 203,774 | 492,732 | 338 | 312,685 | 217,758 | 530,443 |
| Mohmand | 189 | 160,079 | 97,573 | 257,652 | 194 | 175,221 | 105,281 | 280,502 |
| Khyber | 381 | 277,530 | 214,314 | 491,844 | 345 | 301,015 | 231,072 | 532,087 |
| Kurram | 246 | 193,244 | 144,621 | 337,865 | 265 | 204,818 | 155,923 | 360,741 |
| Orakzai | 177 | 94,279 | 72,927 | 167,206 | 176 | 110,741 | 85,695 | 196,436 |
| North Waziristan | 161 | 196,668 | 77,537 | 274,205 | 178 | 210,656 | 109,521 | 320,177 |
| South Waziristan | 234 | 198,093 | 126,072 | 324,165 | 237 | 237,769 | 149,060 | 386,829 |
| Ex-FRs | 160 | 100,625 | 66,007 | 166,632 | 163 | 116,444 | 74,618 | 191,062 |
| Overall | 1,884 | 1,509,476 | 1,002,825 | 2,512,301 | 1,896 | 1,669,349 | 1,128,928 | 2,798,277 |

Out of total 1,896 polling stations being set-up for July 20, 2019 in eight districts, 482 are male PS, 376 female PS and 1,038 combined PS. A comparative analysis of polling stations set up for GE-2018 with the upcoming elections demonstrates that the number of PS decreased in two districts despite an increase in registered voters, while in the remaining six districts, the number of PS increased. The PS in Khyber have decreased from 381 to 345 despite an increase of 40,243 voters; while in Orakzai the PS decreased from 177 to 176 with an increase of 29,230 registered voters. Following Table-Il shows the district-wise comparative analysis of PS set-up for NMDs elections with GE-2018. .

Table II: District-wise comparative analysis of PS set-up for NMDs' elections with GE-2018

| Cistrict | Men | Women | Combined | Total | Men | Women | Combined | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 38 | 36 | 262 | $\mathbf{3 3 6}$ | 39 | 36 | 263 | $\mathbf{3 3 8}$ |
|  | 66 | 52 | 71 | $\mathbf{1 8 9}$ | 71 | 53 | 70 | $\mathbf{1 9 4}$ |
|  | 201 | 154 | 26 | $\mathbf{3 8 1}$ | 181 | 137 | 27 | $\mathbf{3 4 5}$ |
|  | 59 | 59 | 128 | $\mathbf{2 4 6}$ | 72 | 72 | 121 | $\mathbf{2 6 5}$ |
|  | 0 | 0 | 177 | $\mathbf{1 7 7}$ | 4 | 4 | 168 | $\mathbf{1 7 6}$ |
|  | 52 | 20 | 89 | $\mathbf{1 6 1}$ | 59 | 31 | 88 | $\mathbf{1 7 8}$ |
|  | 33 | 22 | 179 | $\mathbf{2 3 4}$ | 43 | 30 | 164 | $\mathbf{2 3 7}$ |
|  | 12 | 12 | 136 | $\mathbf{1 6 0}$ | 13 | 13 | $\mathbf{1 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 3}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{4 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 6}$ |

### 1.1 Constituency-wise Distribution of PS Designated as Highly Sensitive

Section 59 (12) of the Elections Act, 2017 empowers District Returning Officers (DROs) to declare a polling station highly sensitive if, in their assessment, the concerned polling station requires special security measures. Of 1,896 PS, ECP has designated 554 (approx. $29 \%$ ) PS as highly sensitive and 461 (approx. $24 \%$ ) as sensitive on polling day. ECP may also install surveillance cameras in these PS to monitor polling proceedings, including counting of votes and preparation of results by Presiding Officers. ECP has sought assistance from Pakistan Armed Forces in making necessary security arrangements for NMDs' election. The armed forces shall be deployed outside all polling stations for four days from July 18, 2019 to July 21,2019 . Additionally, they will be also stationed inside the highly sensitive polling stations. Similarly, the troops shall be deployed at the offices of Returning Officers till the consolidation of the results. The ECP has also authorized the designated officer in-charge of armed forces to exercise powers of magistrate first class for entire duration of their deployment in respect of offences under sections 169 (personation) and 171 (capturing of a polling station or polling booth) punishable under section 174 of the Elections Act, 2017 and to take cognizance of any such offences under any of the clauses of sub-section (1) of section 190 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Table-III shows the constituency-wise number of sensitive and highly sensitive polling station

Table-III Constituency-wise details of declared sensitive and highly sensitive polling station

| Constifuency | Sensitive | Highly Sensitive |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| PK-100 Bajaur-I | 16 | 7 |
| PK-101 Bajaur-II | 13 | 4 |
| PK-102 Bajaur-III | 36 | 15 |
| PK-103 Mohmand-I | 18 | 20 |
| PK-104 Mohmand-II | 55 | 24 |
| PK-105 Khyber-I | 15 | 23 |
| PK-106 Khyber-II | 3 | 21 |
| PK-107 Khyber-III | 6 | 24 |
| PK-108 Kurram-I | 69 | 38 |
| PK-109 Kurram-II | 49 | 4 |
| PK-110 Orakzai | 25 | 8 |
| PK-111 North Waziristan-I | 8 | 68 |
| PK-112 North Waziristan-II | 19 | 83 |
| PK-113 South Waziristan-I | 95 | 44 |
| PK-114 South Waziristan-II | 8 | 90 |
| PK-115 Ex-Frontier Regions | 26 | 81 |
| Total | 461 | 54 |
|  |  |  |

### 1.2 NMDs PS With Less Than 10 Percent Turn Out of Women Voters During GE 2018

According to ECP's Form-45 data for GE 2018 in 12 NA constituencies of erstwhile FATA, at least 48 women polling stations exhibited a turnout of less than 10 percent indicating barriers or restrictions on women to access PS. Of these 48, a total of four PS registered less than one percent of registered women voters coming out to exercise their right to vote. A majority of these PS (36) were in Khyber, while six in South Waziristan, and three each in Mohmand and North Waziristan.

Since these 48 PS exhibited low women turnout during GE 2018, there is a possibility that such trends may continue to prevail during the upcoming NMDs' election. District-wise analysis of PS where women turn-out remained below 10 percent is annexed with this Election Update-II.

### 1.3 Number of PS Less or More than 1,200 Voters

Section 59(3) of the Elections Act, 2017 limits the number of voters per polling station and polling booth to 1,200 and 300 voters respectively, as far as practicable, in order to improve the efficiency of the polling process.

A comparison between the polling stations set up for GE-2018 and upcoming NMDs' elections, the number of PS with more than 1,200 votes have increased up to 7 percent. As many as $65 \%$ or 1,236 PS have been assigned more than 1,200 voters for upcoming NMDs' elections, while 1,100 PS (58\%) in GE-201 8 had more than 1200 voters.

Figure-I shows the district-wise distribution of PS exceeding limit of 1,200 voters in GE-2018 in comparison to NMDs' Election 2019.

Figure-I: District Wise Comparison of PS having More or Less than 1,200 Voters


Table-IV shows the constituency-wise PS exceeding limit of the 1,200 voters.

| Constituency | Less than 1,200 | 1,200 to 2,000 | More than 2,000 | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PK-100 Bajaur-I | 25 | 68 | 11 | 104 |
| PK-101 Bajaur-II | 33 | 52 | 18 | 103 |
| PK-102 Bajaur-III | 22 | 76 | 33 | 131 |
| PK-103 Mohmand-I | 36 | 46 | 4 | 86 |
| PK-104 Mohmand-II | 23 | 64 | 21 | 108 |
| PK-105 Khyber-I | 32 | 59 | 19 | 110 |
| PK-106 Khyber-II | 22 | 47 | 20 | 89 |
| PK-107 Khyber-III | 50 | 73 | 23 | 146 |
| PK-108 Kurram-I | 70 | 52 | 13 | 135 |
| PK-109 Kurram-II | 50 | 60 | 20 | 130 |
| PK-110 Orakzai | 99 | 67 | 10 | 176 |
| PK-111 North Waziristan-I | 13 | 38 | 25 | 76 |
| PK-112 North Waziristan-II | 21 | 47 | 34 | 102 |
| PK-113 South Waziristan-I | 46 | 54 | 39 | 139 |
| PK-114 South Waziristan-II | 28 | 34 | 36 | 9 |
| PK-115 Ex-Frontier Regions | 90 | 64 | 9 |  |
| Total | 660 | 901 | 335 | 163 |

### 1.4 Gender-wise Distribution of Polling Booths in each constituency

According to the final list of polling stations, a total of 5,651 booths will be set up at 1,896 PS. Nearly 61 percent (or 3,436 ) of the polling booths will be set up for men, who constitute almost $60 \%$ of the NMD's registered voters, while the remaining ( $39 \%$ or 2,215 ) polling booths will be for women. Table-V shows the constituency-wise polling booths to be established in each constituency for the upcoming elections.

Table-V: Constituency-wise polling booths in each constituency for upcoming elections

| Constituency | Male Booth | Women Booth | Total Booth |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PK-100 Bajaur-I | 204 | 94 | 298 |
| PK-101 Bajaur-II | 185 | 99 | 284 |
| PK-102 Bajaur-III | 219 | 120 | 339 |
| PK-103 Mohmand-I | 148 | 89 | 237 |
| PK-104 Mohmand-II | 196 | 116 | 312 |


| Constituency | Male Booth | Women Booth | Total Booth |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PK-105 Khyber-I | 210 | 158 | 368 |
| PK-106 Khyber-II | 182 | 124 | 306 |
| PK-107 Khyber-III | 267 | 199 | 466 |
| PK-108 Kurram-I | 190 | 152 | 342 |
| PK-109 Kurram-II | 182 | 148 | 330 |
| PK-110 Orakzai | 290 | 253 | 543 |
| PK-111 North Waziristan-I | 194 | 96 | 290 |
| PK-112 North Waziristan-II | 241 | 114 | 355 |
| PK-113 South Waziristan-I | 240 | 176 | 416 |
| PK-114 South Waziristan-II | 217 | 107 | 324 |
| PK-115 Ex-Frontier Regions | 271 | 170 | 441 |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 4 3 6}$ | 2,215 | 5,651 |

A comparative analysis of polling booths set up in GE 2018 with NMDs' election 2019 shows an increase in polling booths in five districts, while in Khyber, Bajaur and Mohmand the number decreased. Following Table-VI shows the district-wise analysis of polling booths set up during GE 2018 and NMDs' Election 2019.

Table-VI: District-wise analysis of polling booths set up during GE 2018 and NMDs' Election 2019

| Districł | GE-2018 |  |  | NMDs' Election 2019 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Women | Total | Male | Women | Total |
| Bajaur | 684 | 298 | 982 | 608 | 313 | 921 |
| Mohmand | 345 | 209 | 554 | 344 | 205 | 549 |
| Khyber | 758 | 536 | 1,294 | 659 | 481 | 1,140 |
| Kurram | 266 | 227 | 493 | 372 | 300 | 672 |
| Orakzai | 279 | 244 | 523 | 290 | 253 | 543 |
| North Waziristan | 427 | 163 | 590 | 435 | 210 | 645 |
| South Waziristan | 461 | 242 | 703 | 457 | 283 | 740 |
| Ex-FRs | 267 | 168 | 435 | 271 | 170 | 441 |
| Overall | 3,487 | 2,087 | 5,574 | 3,436 | 2,215 | 5,651 |

## 2. FAFEN's ASSESSMENT OF ESTABLISHED POLLING STATIONS

FAFEN observers visited 674 polling stations in sampled electoral areas to assess the availability of basic facilities and compliance of the polling stations' finalization process with the Elections Act 2017. Observers sought confirmation of visits by Returning Officers (ROs) to each polling station buildings from their administrators. A majority of the administrators of these PS (44\% or 295) confirmed that the concerned RO visited the building to personally verify the polling station. Table-VII shows the constituency-wise confirmation of ROs visits to observed PS.

Table-VII: Constituency-wise confirmation of ROs visits to observed PS

| Constifuency | PS Visited by ROs | PS Not Visited by ROs | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PK-100 Bajaur-I | 50 | 0 | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| PK-101 Bajaur-II | 50 | 0 | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| PK-102 Bajaur-III | 47 | 3 | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| PK-105 Khyber-I | 1 | 49 | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| PK-103 Mohmand-I | 0 | 50 | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| PK-104 Mohmand-II | 18 | 24 | $\mathbf{4 2}$ |
| PK-106 Khyber-II | $\mathbf{4}$ | 46 | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| PK-107 Khyber-III | 0 | 51 | $\mathbf{5 1}$ |


| Constituency | PS Visited by ROs | PS Not Visited by ROs | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PK-108 Kurram-I | $\mathbf{1}$ | 48 | $\mathbf{4 9}$ |
| PK-109 Kurram-II | 52 | 0 | $\mathbf{5 2}$ |
| PK-110 Orakzai | 20 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 0}$ |
| PK-111 North Waziristan-I | $\mathbf{1}$ | 3 | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| PK-112 North Waziristan-II | - | 2 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| PK-113 South Waziristan-I | 50 | - | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| PK-114 South Waziristan-II | $\mathbf{1}$ | 53 | $\mathbf{5 4}$ |
| PK-115 Ex-Frontier Regions | - | 50 | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 7 4}$ |

Nearly 68\% (or 457) of the observed PS lacked ramps at entry points for wheelchair-bound voters. Moreover, ten percent PS lacked clean drinking water facility, nine percent lacked washrooms and four percent were without boundary walls. Table-VIII shows the constituency-wise analysis of missing facilities at PS.

Table VIII: Constituency-wise analysis of missing facilities at PS

| Constituency | PS without Ramps | PS without Clean Drinking Water | PS without Washrooms | PS without Boundary Walls |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PK-100 Bajaur-I | 22 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| PK-101 Bajaur-II | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PK-102 Bajaur-III | 43 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| PK-105 Khyber-I | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PK-103 Mohmand-I | 44 | 4 | 11 | 1 |
| PK-104 Mohmand-II | 35 | 13 | 18 | 0 |
| PK-106 Khyber-II | 36 | 14 | 14 | 4 |
| PK-107 Khyber-III | 48 | 4 | 7 | 12 |
| PK-108 Kurram-I | 49 | 7 | 3 | 4 |
| PK-109 Kurram-II | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PK-110 Orakzai | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| PK-111 North Waziristan-I | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| PK-1 12 North Waziristan-II | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| PK-1 13 South Waziristan-I | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PK-1 14 South Waziristan-II | 22 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| PK-115 Ex-Frontier Regions | 50 | 16 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 457 | 66 | 60 | 25 |

As many as $666(99 \%)$ of the observed polling stations were established in a proper government building or a registered private educational institution, while the remaining eight polling stations (one percent) were established in premises with no proper building. Table-IX provides a list of the PS established in a proper building or otherwise.

## Table IX: Constituency-wise analysis of PS Buildings

| Constituency | PS set up in a Proper Building | PS Without a Proper Building | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PK-100 Bajaur-I | 50 | 0 | 50 |  |
| PK-101 Bajaur-II | 50 | 0 | 50 |  |
| PK-102 Bajaur-III | 50 | 0 | 50 |  |
| PK-105 Khyber-I | 50 | 0 | 50 |  |
| PK-103 Mohmand-I | 50 | 0 | 50 |  |
| PK-104 Mohmand-II | 41 | 1 | 5 |  |
| PK-106 Khyber-II | 49 | 1 | 50 |  |


| Constifuency | PS set up in a Proper Building | PS Without a Proper Building | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PK-107 Khyber-III | 47 | 4 | 51 |  |
| PK-108 Kurram-I | 48 | 1 | 49 |  |
| PK-109 Kurram-II | 52 | 0 | 52 |  |
| PK-110 Orakzai | 20 | 0 | 20 |  |
| PK-111 North Waziristan-I | 4 | 0 | 4 |  |
| PK-112 North Waziristan-II | 2 | 0 | 2 |  |
| PK-113 South Waziristan-I | 50 | 0 | 5 |  |
| PK-114 South Waziristan-II | 53 | 1 | 5 |  |
| PK-115 Ex-Frontier Regions | 50 | 0 | 54 |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | 50 |  |

## 3. CANDIDATES' PARTICIPATION IN GE-2018 AND NMDs' Elections 2019

The General Elections in erstwhile Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA) was held for 12 National Assembly (NA) seats with a total of 303 contesting candidates. However, a total of 297 candidates are contesting for 16 Provincial Assembly seats during the upcoming NMDs election. Following Table-X shows a comparison of candidates in GE-2018 for 12 NA seats and NMDs elections for 16 PA seats

Table-X: Number of Contesting Candidates in GE 2018 and NMDs' Election 2019

| Districł | GE 2018 |  |  | NMDs' Election 2019 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men | Women | Overall | Men | Women | Overall |
| Bajaur | 26 |  | 26 | 39 |  | 39 |
| Mohmand | 18 |  | 18 | 32 |  | 32 |
| Khyber | 58 |  | 58 | 58 | 1 | 59 |
| Kurram | 62 | 1 | 63 | 53 |  | 53 |
| Orakzai | 31 |  | 31 | 24 |  | 24 |
| North Waziristan | 35 |  | 35 | 39 |  | 39 |
| South Waziristan | 53 |  | 53 | 41 |  | 41 |
| Ex-FRs | 19 |  | 19 | 10 |  | 10 |
| Overall | 302 | 1 | 303 | 296 | 1 | 297 |

## 4. CANDIDATES' ASSESSMENT OF POLLING STATIONS

FAFEN observers interviewed 55 contesting candidates, and nine other persons nominated by the contesting candidates to speak of their behalf to assess their satisfaction level regarding the polling stations established for upcoming elections. As many as 17 candidates or their nominees were interviewed in PK-106 (Khyber-II), 12 in PK-105 (Khyber-I), 11 in PK107 (Khyber-III), nine in PK-113 (South Waziristan-I), four each in PK-103 (Mohmand-I) and PK-111 North Waziristan-I, three in PK-104 (Mohmand-II), two in PK-1 10 (Orakzai) and one each in PK-100 (Bajaur-I) and PK-109 (Kurram-II).

Most of the contesting candidates interviewed by FAFEN's Long Term Observers (LTOs) were independents (39) while six belonged to Jamaat-e-Islami (JI), five each to Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf (PTI) and Jamiat Ulema-e Islam - Fazal-ur-Rahman (JUI-F), four to Pakistan Peoples' Party Parliamentarians (PPPP), two to Awami National Party (ANP), and one each to one Qaumi Watan Party - Sherpao (QWP-S), Pakistan Awami Inqelabi League (PAIL) and Pakistan Muslim League Nawaz (PML-N).

A majority of candidates were largely satisfied with the process adopted for finalizing the list of PS, however, six candidates ( $9 \%$ ) including four independents and one each from Jl and PTI expressed dissatisfaction with the final list of PS in their constituencies, and had lodged objections with their respective District Returning Officer (DRO).

Five of the objectors (four independents and one PTI) contesting elections in PK-111 (North Waziristan-I) and PK-113 (South Waziristan-I) said that their complaints were heard at the DROs' offices, while another objector (from JI) from PK107 (Khyber-III) mentioned that the complaint remained unaddressed.

## 5. VOTERS' ASSESSMENT OF POLLING STATIONS

Under Section 59(2) of the Elections Act, 2017, the distance between a polling station and the assigned resident voters should preferably be less than a kilometre. As part of its over encompassing observation, FAFEN also interviewed four citizens in each of the sampled 50 electoral areas in 16 PA constituencies. Nearly 412 interviewed citizens claimed that the distance between their place of residence and assigned polling station is more than a kilometre. Figure-Il provides a constituency-wise analysis of citizens' responses.


Similarly, as many as 398 respondents said that the PS in their electoral areas were not easily accessible for women. Figure-III shows the citizens' responses regarding women's access to PS.

## CONSTITUENCY-WISE DSITRIBUTION OF CITIZENS' RESPONSE ON WOMEN'S INACCESSIBILITY TO POLLING STATIONS



## Annexure NMDs PS with Less Than 10 Percent Turn Out of Women Voters during GE-2018

| Districł | PS Name | Women Registered Voters (as of GE 2018) | Polled Votes (as on Form-45 for GE 2018) | Turnouts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Khyber | GPS Kharai Mela Arman Khel Killi Female | 1,283 | 110 | 9\% |
|  | GPS Khan Haider Killi (Female) | 1,928 | 77 | 4\% |
|  | Welfare Public School Aka Khel (i) (Female) | 2,362 | 153 | 6\% |
|  | Welfare Public School Aka Khel (ii)(Female) | 591 | 36 | 6\% |
|  | BHU Sra Chena Aka Khel Female | 1,390 | 105 | 8\% |
|  | The Morning Star Public School Aka Khel (Male) | 1,938 | 190 | 10\% |
|  | GGPS Ameen Killi Aka Khel Female | 1,873 | 171 | 9\% |
|  | BHU Dost Muhammad Killi Kamar Khel (i)(Female) | 1,600 | 53 | 3\% |
|  | GGPS Malik Shin Akbar Killi (i) Female | 1,476 | 114 | 8\% |
|  | GGPS Malik Shin Akbar Killi (ii) Female | 1,881 | 152 | 8\% |
|  | GGPS Malik Shin Akbar Killi (iii) Female | 924 | 70 | 8\% |
|  | GGPS Said Malang Killi (Female) | 712 | 54 | 8\% |
|  | GGPS Sher Badshah Killi Karawal MDK Female | 1,246 | 55 | 4\% |
|  | GGHS Ghazi Gul Killi Nala (i)MDK Female | 1,093 | 76 | 7\% |
|  | GGHS Ghazi Gul Killi Nala (ii)MDK Female | 1,184 | 81 | 7\% |
|  | GGHS Ghazi Gul Killi Nala (iii)MDK Female | 1,183 | 70 | 6\% |
|  | GGPS Anwar Shah Killi BQK Female | 1,688 | 154 | 9\% |
|  | GGMS Abdullah Jan Killi BQK (ii) Female | 1,648 | 79 | 5\% |
|  | GGPS Malik Waris Killi SQK Female | 1,365 | 108 | 8\% |
|  | GGPS Zanjeer Killi Mandai Kas SQK | 1,963 | 118 | 6\% |
|  | GGPS Star Killi SQK Female | 316 | 21 | 7\% |
|  | GGMS Fazalu Rehman Killi SQK (i) Female | 1,396 | 120 | 9\% |
|  | GGPS Major Sadique Killi SQK Female | 1,104 | 101 | 9\% |
|  | GPS Jani Khel Killi SQK (i) Female | 1,596 | 89 | 6\% |
|  | GPS Jani Khel Killi SQK (ii) Female | 1,042 | 41 | 4\% |
|  | GGHS Kalanga Aka Khel (i) (Female) | 1,559 | 139 | 9\% |
|  | GGHS Kalanga Aka Khel (ii) (Female) | 1,208 | 83 | 7\% |
|  | Madrasa Butan Sharif School Section BQK (i) Female | 997 | 46 | 5\% |
|  | GPS Nazar Khan Killi back side of Laly Kass Circle office | 726 | 26 | 4\% |
|  | Madrasa Nurhao BQK (Female) | 898 | 62 | 7\% |
|  | Muslim Public School Bagh Markaz MDK Female | 1,201 | 73 | 6\% |
|  | GGPS Badshah Khan Killi (Neka Dada Killi) Female | 1,086 | 69 | 6\% |
|  | Madrasa Alam Khel MDK Female | 1,400 | 97 | 7\% |
|  | Sher Dara Public School Zakha Khel Female | 1,372 | 68 | 5\% |
|  | GPS Khato Cheena Toor Khel Female | 1,073 | 48 | 4\% |
|  | Warsak P/School SQK (i) Female | 2,052 | 33 | 2\% |
| South Waziristan | GMS Khujai (Female) | 1,811 | 29 | 2\% |
|  | GMS Tangi Badinzai (Primary Section) (Female) | 1,793 | 127 | 7\% |
|  | GPS Trikh Kunr (Female) | 1,167 | 61 | 5\% |
|  | GPS Nanak Raghzai (Female) | 1,151 | 11 | 1\% |
|  | GPS Ghullam Khan Kot Badar (Female) | 1,606 | 143 | 9\% |
|  | GPS Ahmad Gul Kalai (Female) | 1,719 | 29 | 2\% |
| Mohmand | BHU Bautha Polling Statin No 2 Partially Improvised (Female) | 1,400 | 103 | 7\% |
|  | Sub Tehsil Polling Station No 2 (Female) | 1,543 | 24 | 2\% |
|  | CS GHAIR DAND Partially Improvised (Female) | 1,391 | 78 | 6\% |
| North Waziristan | GHS Tappi (Female) Portion-II | 1,535 | 127 | 8\% |
|  | Govt: High School Spulga (Female) Portion-II | 1,652 | 135 | 8\% |
|  | Govt High School Tall Killa (Portion III) Female | 1,796 | 71 | 4\% |

