



February 2012

# FAFEN Education Institution Monitor

A report based on monitoring of  
**161 government boys' primary schools in 85 districts**  
across Pakistan

Issue: 095/March 2012

## Most schools without playgrounds

Of the 161 government boys' primary schools monitored by the Free and Fair Election Network (FAFEN) in January this year, 95 were found to be without playgrounds which are important for a child's development as they not only offer a place for physical activity but also serve as a platform for social interaction.

Similarly, 38 schools did not have arrangements for clean drinking water while only eight had sanitary workers. Other support staff i.e., peons and security guards were there in only 48 and 55 schools.

Information on the appointment and posting of non-teaching staff was not shared by 63 schools. A region-wise analysis showed that all posts of non-teaching staff in schools monitored in Punjab, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP), Balochistan and Federally Administrated Tribal Areas (FATA) were filled. However, two of the 12 such positions in Islamabad Capital Territory (ICT) and nine out of 63 in Sindh were vacant.

On the other hand, sharing information on appointment of teaching staff was better with only one school not doing so. The highest percentage (10%) of vacant teaching posts was observed in schools monitored in Punjab, followed by Sindh (7%), Balochistan (6%), KP (3%) and ICT (3%).

The attendance of the appointed staff in schools was satisfactory, teacher attendance in 89% of the monitored schools being 76% or higher. Attendance of students was more than 76% in 86% of the schools.

Despite awareness that a low student-teacher ratio ensures good coordination between the students and their teachers and leads to better educational standards, the number of students per teacher in a monitored school of Khyber Agency in FATA was 62:1, followed by schools in KP and Balochistan with ratios of 45:1 and 42:1 respectively.

Since the maximum number of students per teacher for primary schools is 40, the authorities should ensure that this rule is followed. The student-teacher ratio in schools monitored in Punjab, Sindh and ICT was better - 34:1 in Punjab, 31:1 in Sindh and only 13:1 in ICT.

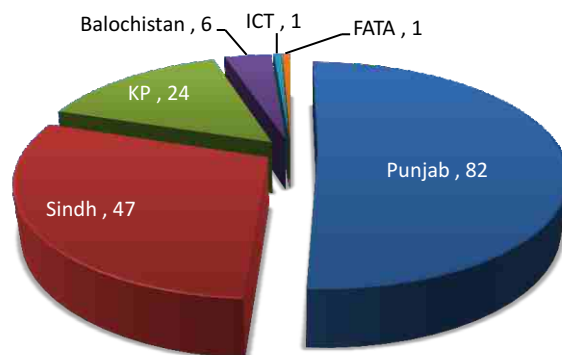
The classrooms in 133 schools were found clean despite the unavailability of sanitary workers. As many as 129 schools had electricity connections and all but 16 had well-lit classrooms. Fans were available in classrooms of 128 schools.

However, 74 schools were without benches/chairs for students while 35 did not have chairs and tables for teachers. About three-fourths (118) schools had no teachers' staffrooms.

Effective government oversight can help resolve several of the issues identified above. Ninety-five visits by government/elected officials were made to the monitored schools during the quarter November 2011- January 2012, an average two visits to each school.

The highest number of 53 visits was made by some government officials and 39 by EDO/Education. Most of them were routine and monitoring visits; some surprise visits and some others for the purpose of checking attendance of teachers and students and to discuss issues faced by students, teachers and school administrations.

**Graph A: Number of schools monitored by region**



Two visits - a quarterly and a monitoring visit - were made by elected representatives to schools in Punjab. One general visit was made by an MPA to a school in KP.

## Detailed findings

FAFEN education institution monitors visited 161 government boys' primary schools in 85 districts across the country in January 2012. Of these 82 schools were monitored in 35 districts in Punjab, 47 in 26 Sindh districts, 24 in 16 districts in KP, six in as many districts in Balochistan and one each in as many districts in ICT and FATA.

### 1. Teaching positions

All the monitored schools, except for one in Sindh, provided information on the sanctioned and the appointed teaching staff.

As many as 955 teaching positions were occupied out of the sanctioned 1,032, leaving 7% vacant. The highest percentage of vacant posts was observed in schools monitored in Punjab where 10% of 441 sanctioned teaching positions were not filled, followed by Sindh with 7%. Of the 18 sanctioned teaching slots in six schools in Balochistan, 17 were occupied. Similarly, 171 positions for teachers were sanctioned in schools monitored in KP, of which 165 were filled, leaving 3% of the posts vacant.

All the teaching positions in the school monitored in FATA were filled while one was vacant in the school in ICT.

S. #	Province	Number of sanctioned teaching posts	Number of teachers posted in the school	Vacant teaching posts (%)	Number of schools providing information
1.	Punjab	441	396	10.20	82
2.	Sindh	366	342	6.56	46
3.	KP	171	165	3.51	24
4.	Balochistan	18	17	5.56	6
5.	ICT	33	32	3.03	1
6.	FATA	3	3	0.00	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>1032</b>	<b>955</b>	<b>7.46</b>	<b>160</b>

## Monitoring Methodology

The Free and Fair Election Network (FAFEN) has launched a nationwide initiative to monitor governance processes under its Supporting Transparency Accountability and Electoral Processes in Pakistan as part of its mandate to strengthen all forms of democratic accountabilities in Pakistan. Objective information about governance processes is vital to encourage informed engagement of citizenry with elected and public institutions for progressive outputs. FAFEN Governance Monitoring aims at enriching the public discourse and debate on governance and developing research-based recommendations for reforms.

FAFEN advocates for transparency, accountability, responsiveness, representativeness and public participation as essential elements of democratic governance to enhance the output, efficiency and effectiveness of all elected and public institutions.

FAFEN Governance Monitors visit schools and colleges, health facilities, police stations and other public institutions to monitor and evaluate their efficiency and efficacy in 200 National Assembly constituencies of 119 districts in Punjab, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Balochistan, Sindh, Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA) and Islamabad Capital Territory (ICT). In addition, FAFEN is also monitoring complaints handling mechanisms of various public institutions to gauge their effectiveness.

Trained FAFEN Governance Monitors fill out standardized checklists during their monitoring visits, employing interviewing and observation techniques, and then transmit the data to the FAFEN Secretariat in Islamabad for data entry, cleaning and analysis. FAFEN plans to produce monthly thematic reports such as this one. This information will also contribute to FAFEN Bi-Annual State of Governance in Pakistan Reports.

FAFEN Governance Monitoring reports are based on non-probability sampling, and their findings should not be considered national or provincial generalizations. However, FAFEN's outreach across the country allows it to access most districts as well as urban and rural areas. Standardized methodology is applied across Pakistan to draw information in a uniform way through observation and interviewing. The observation and interviews are recorded on a standardized checklist. All information received at the FAFEN Secretariat is verified through multiple sources for authenticity and accuracy. These reports provide data analysis and inferences only for the monitored institutions within the sample. These reports are meant to present to relevant stakeholders a consolidated and current snapshot of the state of governance in public institutions in order to inspire public dialogue and as a contribution towards targeted interventions and reforms.

However, FAFEN's unique methodology to assess and evaluate governance processes continues to evolve. Any inaccuracies that may be noticed in the data or suggestions for improvement in the methodology can be sent to the email address at the end of this report.

## 2a. Non-teaching positions

Of the 161 schools, 93 provided information on the sanctioned and the appointed non-teaching staff. There were 139 positions of non-teaching staff out of the sanctioned 150 which were occupied leaving 7% posts vacant.

A region-wise analysis shows that all positions of non-teaching staff in schools monitored in Punjab, KP, Balochistan and FATA were filled. However, two of the 12 slots of non-teaching staff in ICT and nine out of 63 in Sindh were vacant.

S. #	Province	Number of sanctioned posts for non-teaching staff	Number of non-teaching staff posted in the school	Vacant non-teaching post (%)	Schools sharing information
1.	Punjab	50	50	0.00	36
2.	Sindh	63	54	14.29	31
3.	KP	24	24	0.00	24
4.	Balochistan	0	0	0.00	0
5.	ICT	12	10	16.67	1
6.	FATA	1	1	0.00	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>150</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>7.33</b>	<b>93</b>

## 2b. Non-teaching staff

Only eight schools out of the monitored 161 had sanitary workers. These included four schools in Punjab, three in Sindh and one in ICT.

The situation regarding the availability of peons and security guard was not satisfactory either. Forty eight schools - 28 in Sindh, 12 in Punjab, seven in KP and one in FATA - were without peons while 55 schools - 28 in Punjab, 17 in KP, eight in Sindh and one each in ICT and FATA - did not have security guards.

S. #	Non-teaching staff	Province	Punjab	Sindh	KP	Balochistan	ICT	FATA	Total
1.	The school has a peon	Yes	12	28	7	0	1	0	48
		No	70	19	17	6	0	1	113
2.	The school has a security guard	Yes	28	8	17	0	1	1	55
		No	54	39	7	6	0	0	106
3.	The school has a sanitary worker	Yes	4	3	0	0	1	0	8
		No	78	44	24	6	0	1	153

## 3. Building and facilities

Of the monitored schools 96% were housed in buildings and 85% had boundary walls. Eleven schools in Punjab, eight in Sindh, three in Balochistan and two in KP did not have boundary walls.

The classrooms in 133 out of 161 schools were clean. Thirteen schools in Punjab, nine in Sindh, three in Balochistan and two in KP did not have clean class rooms. The fact that classrooms were clean although 153 schools did not have sanitary workers indicates ad hoc arrangements have been made for doing the cleaning up.

Though physical activities are an important part of a child's education, 59% of the schools, which included 43 in Punjab, 25 in Sindh, 21 in KP and five in Balochistan, did not have playgrounds for students.

Thirty eight schools - 17 in Sindh, 12 in Punjab, five in KP and four in Balochistan - had no clean drinking water arrangements for students.

Thirty two schools – 17 in Sindh, nine in Punjab and three each in KP and Balochistan - did not have electricity connections. However, classrooms in all schools, except for seven in Punjab, five in Sindh and four in Balochistan, were well-lit while classrooms of 128 schools had fans.

Black/white boards were available in all but in classrooms of six schools in Punjab, four in KP and one each in Sindh and Balochistan. Seventy four schools did not have benches/chairs for students —43 of them in Punjab, 16 in KP, nine in Sindh and five in Balochistan. Similarly, 35 schools were without chairs and tables for teachers - 21 in Punjab, five each in Sindh and KP and three in Balochistan. Three-fourths (118) of the schools had no staffrooms for teachers.

Although government schools are supposed to provide free textbooks to students, one school each in KP, Balochistan and ICT did not comply with this government policy.

S. #	Buildings and facilities	Province	Punjab	Sindh	KP	Balochistan	ICT	FATA	Total
1.	The classrooms are clean	Yes	69	38	22	3	1	0	133
		No	13	9	2	3	0	1	28
2.	The school is housed in a building	Yes	80	45	24	4	1	1	155
		No	2	2	0	2	0	0	6
3.	There is a boundary wall around the school building	Yes	71	39	22	3	1	1	137
		No	11	8	2	3	0	0	24
4.	All classrooms are well-lit	Yes	75	42	24	2	1	1	145
		No	7	5	0	4	0	0	16
5.	All classrooms have desks and benches/chairs for students	Yes	39	38	8	1	1	0	87
		No	43	9	16	5	0	1	74
6.	All the classrooms have black/white boards	Yes	76	46	20	5	1	1	149
		No	6	1	4	1	0	0	12
7.	Classrooms have chairs and tables for teachers	Yes	61	42	19	3	1	0	126
		No	21	5	5	3	0	1	35
8.	The school had clean drinking water arrangements for students	Yes	70	30	19	2	1	1	123
		No	12	17	5	4	0	0	38
9.	The school has electricity	Yes	73	30	21	3	1	1	129
		No	9	17	3	3	0	0	32
10.	The school has fans in all classrooms	Yes	69	35	20	2	1	1	128
		No	13	12	4	4	0	0	33
11.	The school has playground for students	Yes	39	22	3	1	1	0	66
		No	43	25	21	5	0	1	95
12.	The school has staffroom for teachers	Yes	19	10	13	0	1	0	43
		No	63	37	11	6	0	1	118
13.	The school is providing free textbooks to students	Yes	82	47	23	5	0	1	158
		No	0	0	1	1	1	0	3

#### 4. Student-teacher ratio

As many as 980 teachers were hired and 33,433 students enrolled in 161 government boys' primary schools making the average number of students per teacher to be 34.

The highest student per teacher ratio (62:1) was observed in a monitored school in Khyber Agency in FATA, followed by schools in KP and Balochistan with ratios of 45:1 and 42:1. Since the maximum number of students per teacher for primary schools is 40, the authorities should ensure the rule is followed. A low student-teacher ratio ensures good coordination between the students and their teachers and usually leads to better educational standards.

However, the student-teacher ratio in schools monitored in Punjab, Sindh and ICT was comparatively less. It was 34:1 in Punjab, 31:1 in Sindh and only 13:1 in ICT.

S. #	Province	Number of schools	Teachers posted in the school	Students enrolled in the school	Number of students per teacher
1.	Punjab	82	396	13428	34
2.	Sindh	47	367	11355	31
3.	KP	24	165	7351	45
4.	Balochistan	6	17	714	42
5.	ICT	1	32	400	13
6.	FATA	1	3	185	62
<b>Total</b>		<b>161</b>	<b>980</b>	<b>33433</b>	<b>34</b>

## 5. Teacher attendance

The attendance of teachers in 89% of the monitored schools was 76% or higher. These schools included 72 in Punjab, 43 in Sindh, 23 in KP, six in Balochistan and one each in ICT and FATA. Teachers' attendance in six schools in Punjab, four in Sindh and one in KP was between 51% and 75% while low attendance (26% to 50%) was observed in four schools in Punjab.

S. #	Visiting officials	Punjab	Sindh	KP	Balochistan	ICT	FATA	Total
1.	MPA	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
2.	EDO/Education	18	11	7	2	1	0	39
3.	Any other government official	40	9	3	0	0	1	53
4.	Any other elected representative	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>60</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>95</b>

## 6. Student attendance

Eighty six percent of the monitored schools, which included 72 in Punjab, 36 in Sindh, 23 in KP, five in Balochistan and one each in FATA and ICT had attendance between 76% and 100%.

Nine schools each in Punjab and Sindh and one each in KP and Balochistan had attendance between 51% and 75% while attendance between 26% and 50% was observed in two schools in Sindh and one in Punjab.

S. #	Percentage of teachers present	Punjab	Sindh	KP	Balochistan	ICT	FATA	Total
1.	Below 25%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	26% to 50%	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
3.	51% to 75%	6	4	1	0	0	0	11
4.	76% to 100%	72	43	23	6	1	1	144
5.	Above 100%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>82</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>161</b>

## 7. Government oversight

Ninety-five visits by government/elected officials were made to the 161 monitored schools during the quarter November 2011-January 2012. Of these, 60 visits were made to schools in Punjab, 20 in Sindh, 11 in KP, two in Balochistan and one each in ICT and FATA.

The highest number of 53 visits was made by government officials while 39 were made by EDO/Education. Most of these visits were routine and monitoring visits; some were surprise visits while some others were for checking attendance of teachers and students and for discussing issues faced by students, teachers and school administrations.

Two visits - a quarterly visit and a monitoring visit - were made by elected representatives to schools in Punjab. One general visit was made by an MPA to a school in KP.

S. #.	Percentage of students present	Punjab	Sindh	KP	Balochistan	ICT	FATA	Total
1.	Below 25%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	26% to 50%	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
3.	51% to 75%	9	9	1	1	0	0	20
4.	76% to 100%	72	36	23	5	1	1	138
5.	Above 100%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>82</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>161</b>

### Annexure: List of monitored schools

S. #	Name of School	District	Province
1.	Government Primary School, Qaboolwala, Jatoi	Muzaffargarh	Punjab
2.	Government Primary School, Banday Shah, Alipur	Muzaffargarh	Punjab
3.	Government Boys' Primary School No. 2, Depalpur	Okara	Punjab
4.	Government Boys' Primary School, Choubara	Layyah	Punjab
5.	Government Boys' Primary School MC No. 1, Bumbay Bazar	Layyah	Punjab
6.	Government Primary School, Ada Chabil, Wagha Town	Lahore	Punjab
7.	Government Primary School, Pakki Mandi 31/A Jadeed, Liaquatpur City	Rahimyar Khan	Punjab
8.	Government Primary School, Beamkey, Chunia	Kasur	Punjab
9.	Government Taleem-ul-Quran Primary School, Kharian	Gujrat	Punjab
10.	Government Primary School, Islam Nagar	Gujrat	Punjab
11.	Government Boys' Primary School 116/P, Khanpur	Rahimyar Khan	Punjab
12.	Government Jam-e-Madina Primary School, Inamabad	Muzaffargarh	Punjab
13.	Government Primary School, Dera Taj Din	Mandi Bahauddin	Punjab
14.	Government Boys' Primary School, Suleman Paras, Jehlum City	Jhelum	Punjab
15.	Government Boys' Primary School, Basti Hazoor Sahib, Renala Khurd	Okara	Punjab
16.	Government Primary School, Chak No. 13 Gajiani, Chishtian	Bahawalnagar	Punjab
17.	Government Boys' Primary School, Qaimpur	Rahimyar Khan	Punjab
18.	Government Primary School No.1, Mohallah Chokhandi	Narowal	Punjab
19.	Government Boys' Primary School, Chak No.22, Sharaqpur	Sheikhupura	Punjab
20.	Government Primary School, Bhojo Chak, Zaferwal	Narowal	Punjab
21.	Government Boys' Primary School, Chak No. 33/DNB (E), Yazman	Bahawalpur	Punjab
22.	Government Boys' Primary School, Chak No.189/M, Haslipur	Bahawalpur	Punjab
23.	Municipal Committee Primary School, Makhdoompura	Bahawalpur	Punjab
24.	Government Boys' Primary School, Jamal Channar	Bahawalpur	Punjab
25.	Government Boys' Primary School, Goth Yar Mohammad, Ahmedpur East	Bahawalpur	Punjab
26.	Government Primary School, Muhammadwala	Lodhran	Punjab
27.	Government Primary School 207/R-B, Rasool Nager	Faisalabad	Punjab
28.	Government Boys' Primary School, Bhir Shah Nawazwala, Piplan	Mianwali	Punjab
29.	Government Boys' Primary School, Chak No. 19/V	Khanewal	Punjab
30.	Government Primary School, Kallur Kot No. 2	Bhakkar	Punjab
31.	Government Primary School, Sirbhoi	Rahimyar Khan	Punjab
32.	Government Primary School, Shahwala	Dera Ghazi Khan	Punjab
33.	Government Boys' Primary School, Alipura	Khushab	Punjab
34.	Government Primary School, Gulistan Colony	Faisalabad	Punjab
35.	Government Primary School, Sarai Sidhu Gharbi, Kabirwala	Khanewal	Punjab
36.	Government Primary School No. 2	Lodhran	Punjab
37.	Government Primary School, Chak No. 89/S-B	Sargodha	Punjab
38.	Government Boys' Primary School, Pura Heran	Sialkot	Punjab
39.	City District Government Primary School, Makhdoomabad	Lahore	Punjab
40.	Government Primary School, Lambanwali	Gujranwala	Punjab
41.	Government Boys' Primary School, Basti Rehamtpur	Okara	Punjab
42.	Government Boys' Primary School No. 4, Shahkot	Nankana Sahib	Punjab
43.	Government Boys' Primary School, Youngsonabad, Chak No 371	Nankana Sahib	Punjab
44.	Government Millat Islamia Primary School, Dhok Kala Khan	Rawalpindi	Punjab
45.	Government Primary School, Hassan Shah, Mailsi	Vehari	Punjab
46.	Government Boys' Primary School, Chak No.194/R-B, Jaranwala	Faisalabad	Punjab
47.	Municipal Committee Boys' Primary School, Ansar Colony, Mumtazabad Town	Multan	Punjab
48.	Government Khair-ul-Madaras Primary School, Old Mandi Gow Shala	Multan	Punjab
49.	Government Primary School, Mian Sansi	Gujranwala	Punjab
50.	Government Primary School Nawa	Attock	Punjab
51.	Government Primary School, Dhok Ratta Amral	Rawalpindi	Punjab
52.	Government Boys' Primary School, Behary Colony	Attock	Punjab
53.	Government Boys' Primary School, Chichoki Mallian	Sheikhupura	Punjab
54.	Government Boys' Primary School, Ek Minar Block No.18, Chichawatni	Sahiwal	Punjab
55.	Government Islamia Primary School, Chakwal	Chakwal	Punjab
56.	Government Primary School, Chak No. 33/W-B	Vehari	Punjab
57.	Government Primary School, Bakra Mandi	Rawalpindi	Punjab
58.	Government Primary School, Care Colony	Kasur	Punjab
59.	Government Primary School Talagang No.3	Chakwal	Punjab
60.	Municipal Committee Primary School No. 3, Hafizabad	Hafizabad	Punjab
61.	Government Primary School, Theh Wadana	Kasur	Punjab
62.	Government Boys' Primary School, Domra	Multan	Punjab
63.	Government Primary School, Hajipura, Daska	Sialkot	Punjab
64.	Government Muslim Primary School, Feroozwala Road	Gujranwala	Punjab
65.	Government Boys' Primary School, Daggaa Noor Muhammad	Rahimyar Khan	Punjab
66.	Government Primary School, Fazalpur, Sambrial	Sialkot	Punjab
67.	Government Boys' Primary School, Noor-ul-Nabi	Sahiwal	Punjab
68.	Government Boys' Primary School, Kot Allah Din No. 1, Chak No. 85/6-R	Sahiwal	Punjab
69.	Government Islamia Primary School, Jia Moosa, Shahadra	Lahore	Punjab
70.	Government Primary School, Zila Council T.T.Singh	Toba Tek Singh	Punjab
71.	Government Primary School, Kat Dharmaywali	Bahawalnagar	Punjab
72.	Government Primary School, Chak No.215/J-B, Adda Ghaziabad	Jhang	Punjab
73.	Government Primary School, Mir Hazar	Rajapur	Punjab
74.	Government Primary School, Chak No. 88/D	Pakpattan	Punjab
75.	Government Boys' Primary School Bucha, Gujranwala	Rawalpindi	Punjab
76.	Government Primary School, Basti Danwar, Jampur	Rajapur	Punjab
77.	Municipal Committee Primary School No. 5, Water Supply Road	Sargodha	Punjab
78.	Government Boys' Primary School, Shahpur City	Sargodha	Punjab
79.	Government Boys' Primary School, Behari Colony, Satellite Town	Jhang	Punjab
80.	Government Boys' Primary School No.1, Jand	Attock	Punjab
81.	Government Boys' Primary School, Maday Shah	Pakpattan	Punjab

S. #	Name of School	District	Province
82.	Government Boys' Primary School, Mohallah Dhandla, Bhakkar City	Bhakkar	Punjab
83.	Government Boys' Primary School, Khair Muhammad Chacher, Khandhkot	Kashmore	Sindh
84.	Government Boys' Primary School, Peer Taqi Shah, Dokri	Larkana	Sindh
85.	Government Primary School, Gher Gaju, Bahria	Naushero Feroz	Sindh
86.	Government Primary School, Misri Khan Tumbrani, Sinjhor	Sanghar	Sindh
87.	Government Primary School, Khunda Khai, Bahria	Naushero Feroz	Sindh
88.	Government Shaheed-e-Millat Primary School, Saddar	Karachi South	Sindh
89.	Government Primary School, Karoo Khaskheli	Badin	Sindh
90.	Government Boys' Primary School Bago Wadadani, Tando Adam	Sanghar	Sindh
91.	Government Boys' Primary School, Rai Bahadur Shiwa Ram	Karachi West	Sindh
92.	Main Sindhi Primary School, Hathungo, Khipro	Sanghar	Sindh
93.	Government Boys' Primary School, Dino Mako, Mirpur Mathelo	Ghotki	Sindh
94.	Government Primary School, Ghulam Hassan Junejo	Tharparkar	Sindh
95.	Government Boys' Primary School, Hussainabad	Kamber Shahdadkot	Sindh
96.	Government Boys' Primary School No. 7, Shah Faisal Colony-2	Karachi East	Sindh
97.	Government Muhamadi Valkart Primary School, Harchand Ray Colony	Mirpurkhas	Sindh
98.	Government Boys' Primary Main School, Tando Ghulam Haider	Tando Mohammad Khan	Sindh
99.	Government Boys' Primary School, Ahmed Soomro	Badin	Sindh
100.	Government Boys' Primary School, Channa Mohalla	Jacobabad	Sindh
101.	Government Iqra Primary School, Care Colony Sewhan Sharif, Manjhand	Jamshoro	Sindh
102.	Government Primary School, Railway Colony	Kamber Shahdadkot	Sindh
103.	Government Boys' Primary School, Mohammad Ramzan, Thul	Jacobabad	Sindh
104.	Mehdi Urdu Boys' Primary School, Liaquatabad No. 4	Karachi Central	Sindh
105.	Government Primary School, Muhammad Sharif Ujjan, Saeedabad	Matiani	Sindh
106.	Government Boys' Primary School, Siddique Laghari	Tando Allahyar	Sindh
107.	Government Boys' Primary School, Kunri Memon	Umerkot	Sindh
108.	Government Boys' Primary School, Var, Ghora Bari	Thatta	Sindh
109.	Government Boys' Primary School, Civil Hospital Sujawal	Thatta	Sindh
110.	Government Islamia Primary School, Bagh Hayat Ali Shah	Sukkur	Sindh
111.	Government Boys' Primary School, Dadloi, Pano Akil	Sukkur	Sindh
112.	Government Boys' Primary School, Dabar (Man)	Khairpur	Sindh
113.	Government Primary School, Heesab Ali Heesbani, Faiz Ganj	Khairpur	Sindh
114.	Government Boys' Primary School, Qazi Habibullah	Shikarpur	Sindh
115.	Agha Sadaruddin Khan Durani Boys' Primary School, Ghari Yasin	Shikarpur	Sindh
116.	Government Boys' Primary School, Tando Tayyab	Hyderabad	Sindh
117.	Government Masjid Primary School, Sahafi Colony	Hyderabad	Sindh
118.	Government Boys' Primary School, Mohammed Chuttal Mahar	Ghotki	Sindh
119.	Government Boys' Primary School, Khedkar	Larkana	Sindh
120.	Government Primary School, Sector 11-D	Karachi Central	Sindh
121.	Government Primary School, Sindhi Butra, Khairpur Nathan Shah	Dadu	Sindh
122.	Government Syed Mehmood Shah Boys' Primary School, Razakabad	Malir	Sindh
123.	Government Sindhi Boys' Primary School, Chakhra Goth	Karachi East	Sindh
124.	Government Boys' Primary School, Kando Bahrani, Kot GHulam	Mirpurkhas	Sindh
125.	Government Darul Fayuz Primary School, Shanti Nagar	Karachi East	Sindh
126.	Government Boys' Primary School, Madina Abidabad	Karachi West	Sindh
127.	Ittehad-ul-Islam Primary School, Ram Swami	Karachi South	Sindh
128.	Pak English Boys' Primary School, Madina Colony	Karachi West	Sindh
129.	Government Boys' Primary School, Parmar Colony, Mithi	Tharparkar	Sindh
130.	Government Primary School, Jamra	Mardan	KP
131.	Government Primary School, Pushtoon Garhi	Nowshera	KP
132.	Government Boys' Primary School, Tehkal Bala No.2, Peshawar Town-III	Peshawar	KP
133.	Government Primary School, Dalasa	Mardan	KP
134.	Government Primary School, Inzari No. 2	Nowshera	KP
135.	Government Primary School No. 2, Shor Kot	Dera Ismail Khan	KP
136.	Government Primary School, Qadam Khela	Malakand	KP
137.	Government Primary School No. 1	Haripur	KP
138.	Government Primary School, Bara Khel No.1	Tank	KP
139.	Government Primary School, Alizai, Peshawar Town-II	Peshawar	KP
140.	Government Primary School, Kagawala Ali Zai	Peshawar	KP
141.	Government Primary School No. 1, Wazir Bag, Peshawar Town-I	Peshawar	KP
142.	Government Primary School, Showeki	Kohat	KP
143.	Government Primary School, Sandimar Turu	Mardan	KP
144.	Government Primary School Seo, Dassu	Kohistan	KP
145.	Government Primary School, Mir Kalam Banda, Banda Daud Shah	Karak	KP
146.	Government Primary School, Lahore Porey	Swabi	KP
147.	Government Primary School, Shagai Panjpir	Swabi	KP
148.	Government Primary School, Kot Charsadda	Charsadda	KP
149.	Government Primary School, Shahbaz Khel	Lakki Marwat	KP
150.	Government Primary School, Raisan	Hangu	KP
151.	Government Primary School Bannu City No. 5	Bannu	KP
152.	Government Primary School, Batlay	Battagram	KP
153.	Government Primary School, Cheena, Tangi	Charsadda	KP
154.	Government Boys' Primary School, Khajori, Mach	Bolan	Balochistan
155.	Government Boys' Primary School, Ghulam Server Kattbar, Dera Allahyar	Jaffarabad	Balochistan
156.	Government Primary School Noushahro, Gandawah	Jhal Magsi	Balochistan
157.	Government Primary School, Abdul Rasool Bugtti, Dera Murad Jamali	Nasirabad	Balochistan
158.	Government Boys' Primary School, Atta Muhammad	Nushki	Balochistan
159.	Government Primary School, Hindu Mohallah	Chagai	Balochistan
160.	Islamabad Model School No. 3, G-9/2	Islamabad	ICT
161.	Government Primary School, Azgho Mila	Khyber Agency	FATA

# About FAFEN

Free and Fair Election Network (FAFEN), established in 2006, is a coalition of 42 leading civil society organizations, working to strengthen all forms of democratic accountabilities in Pakistan. Governed by Trust for Democratic Education and Accountability, FAFEN's key achievements are:

- Observed the public display of Pakistan's draft electoral rolls and conducted the country's first statistically-valid voters' list audit in 2007
- Deployed more than 18,829 trained, neutral Election Day observers nationwide to watch the February 18, 2008 polls and 264 long-term observers to monitor the pre-election process
- Fielded long-term observers nationwide and published 19 pre-election reports
- For the February 18, 2008, General Elections, FAFEN conducted 260 simultaneous Parallel Vote Tabulations (PVTs)- the largest effort in the world
- Conducted its first survey, Constituents Aspirations Survey, in December 2008 with a sample size of 3,124 respondents to get the description of the state of public opinion and also to get a deeper understanding of the values, attitudes and beliefs of people living in the constituencies
- Conducted mapping of organizations working for human rights within Pakistan
- Observed general elections at Gilgit-Baltistan in 2009 and by-elections in various constituencies of the Punjab, Balochistan and Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in 2010
- Implemented a unique methodology to observe parliamentary proceedings under its Parliamentary Watch Project
- Monitors public institutions across Pakistan and issues monthly reports on the state and performance of educational, health and other local level institutions. In addition, monthly reports on prices, crimes, incidence of disease, caseload in lower courts and political and electoral violence are issued.

FAFEN continues to implement robust programs in-between elections related to monitoring parliamentary affairs, connecting constituents to their elected representatives, monitoring the performance of public and elected institutions and advocating electoral and democratic reforms. FAFEN is also monitoring political and electoral violence, peace activities and promoting active citizenry through ongoing civic education activities across the country. FAFEN is currently implementing Supporting Transparency, Accountability and Electoral Processes in Pakistan (STAEP) in 200 National Assembly constituencies in 119 districts across Pakistan.



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