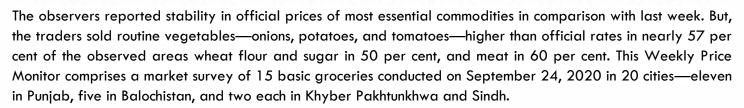
Weekly Price Monitor

WEAK ENFORCEMENT LEADS TO OVERPRICING OF ESSENTIAL ITEMS

ISLAMABAD, October 01, 2020

More than half of the markets throughout the country sold essential items including pulses, vegetables, meat, and wheat flour at inflated prices, neglecting the officially notified rates, says the Weekly Price Monitor of the Free and Fair Election Network (FAFEN).

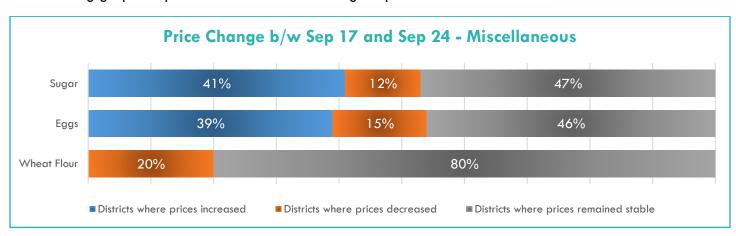


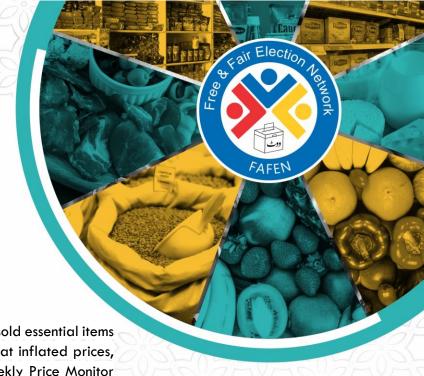
In a two-week comparison, the market prices of routine vegetables, i.e. onions and tomatoes, showed varying patterns but the rates of potatoes remained mostly stable. The pulses prices were also steady in more than 56 per cent of the surveyed districts while those of meat did not witness a surge in more than 90 per cent areas.

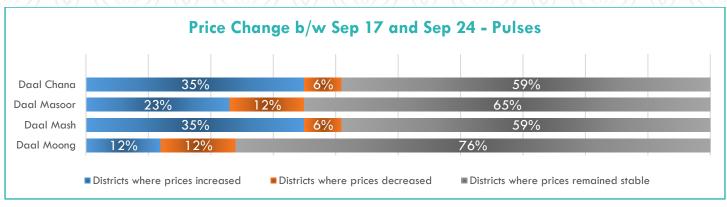
Around 82 per cent of the surveyed districts showed a decline or stability in prices of potatoes. However, the onions' rates increased in 59 per cent of the common districts surveyed during the reporting week and the one preceding it. Similarly, 53 per cent of the observed regions witnessed an increase in tomato prices.

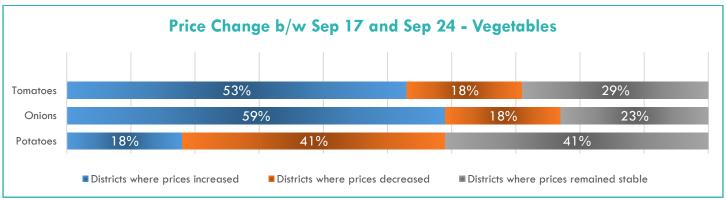
The meat prices also remained mostly stable or fell in more than 90 per cent of the districts covered. Egg prices registered a hike in 38 per cent and sugar in 41 per cent areas while prices of wheat flour saw no increase in the observed regions.

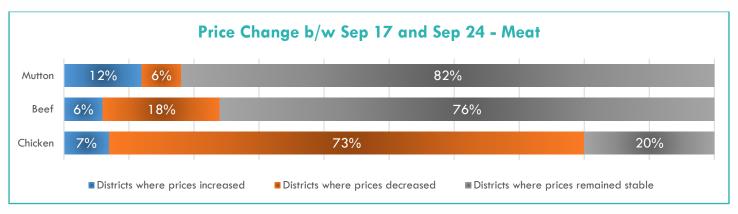
The following graphs depict the overall trend of change in prices of essential edibles:











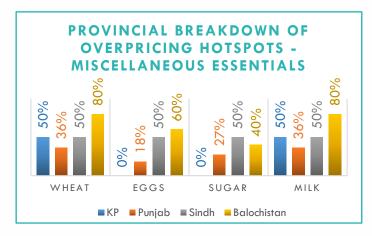
The observers from several districts reported that essential grocery items' official prices were not notified or readily available. The official rates of sugar and wheat flour were not accessible in 65 per cent and 25 per cent of the districts.

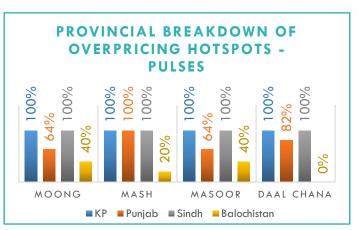
The same went for three pulses—moong, masoor, and chana—missing in nearly 13 per cent of the regions and mash pulse in 17 per cent.

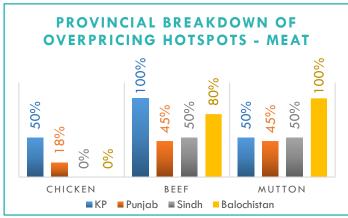
Milk and yogurt prices were not publicly available in 25 per cent and 30 per cent districts. Moreover, meat prices were missing in 13 per cent regions and poultry in 40 per cent. However, the vegetables' official rates were generally available except for ten per cent of the surveyed markets.

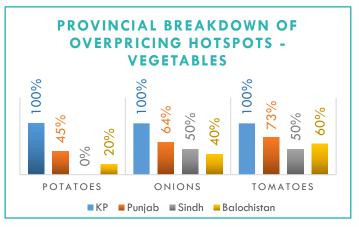
The enforcement of the official market prices varied considerably across districts. The traders sold onions above the officially notified price in 60 per cent of the regions covered. The overpricing ranged between Rs1 (Liaqatpur) and Rs20 (Mardan). Similarly, tomatoes and potatoes went above the official rates in 70 and 40 per cent areas. The highest difference in the official and market prices of potatoes was in Washuk, where they went Rs55 above the official rates. In contrast, tomatoes soared Rs70 above the official price in Jhal Magsi.

In the meat category, mutton and beef were overpriced in 60 per cent of districts. The markets in Multan sold mutton higher than official prices of Rs500, while the beef was sold in Karachi Central's markets Rs230 higher than the official rate. Moreover, markets in nearly 15 per cent of districts did not follow the officially notified rates of chicken. Multan reported the highest difference of Rs22 in the market price and official chicken rate.









The official and market prices of various pulses also saw a significant difference in many regions. Masoor, chana and moong pulses were sold above the official prices in 65 per cent while mash at higher rates in 80 per cent of the districts. Moong and masoor pulses retailed at Rs120 and Rs65 above the officially notified rates in Peshawar while shopkeepers sold mash and chana pulses Rs103 and Rs33 higher in Karachi Central and Lodhran.

Businesses sold refined sugar and wheat flour above official rates in 30 per cent and 50 per cent districts. A 20-kilogram wheat flour bag went Rs450 above the official rate in Washuk. Similarly, refined sugar was Rs33 higher in Karachi Central. The market prices of per dozen eggs were also more than the officially notified rates in 30 per cent districts and the milk and yogurt rates in 50 per cent of the observed regions.

About the Monitor

TDEA-FAFEN generates the Weekly Price Monitor covering 15 essential kitchen items, including basic groceries such as wheat, pulses, oil, sugar, and perishable commodities like meat, and vegetables.

The observers sought the official prices for this survey from the district administration or the market committees, and the wholesale rates through market surveys. In the case of Punjab, the government price app Qeemat Punjab was also used to obtain the official rates.